



Nepal Trade Integration Strategy 2016 (NTIS 2016)

Addressing the needs of Women MSMEs

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Constitutional Provision

- The Constitution of Nepal 2015: Article 18 Right to Equality: (4), "No discrimination shall be made on the ground of gender with regard to remuneration and social security for the same work".
- The Constitution of Nepal 2072 has highlighted the importance of export promotion:

PART 4 Directive Principles, Policies and Responsibilities of the State

- 51. State policies: The State shall pursue the following policies:
- (d) Policies regarding finance, industry and commerce:
 - **(6)** Diversifying and expanding markets for productions and services through the development and expansion of industries and promotion of exports by identifying the areas of comparative advantages.
- The Trade Policy 2015 -10.6.12 "Programs shall be launched to link micro, cottage and small and medium industries and industries run by women and marginalized classes/communities to export sector."

NTIS 2016

- Nepal Trade Integration Strategy 2016 was approved from Council of Ministers on May, 2016
- Objectives of NTIS 2016:
 - ✓ Strengthen trade and export enabling environment;
 - ✓ Focus on product development and strengthen supply capacity of priority products:
 - ✓ Strengthen institutional capacity, trade negotiation and inter-agency coordination;
 - ✓ Build and enhance trade-related infrastructures.
- Identifies seven areas as "cross-cutting sectors" and nine goods and three services as "priority export potentials"
- Potential to contribute in Women empowerment has been duly considered while selecting priority export potential products

Indicators & Weightages for Aggregation of Multiple Parameters in Selecting Potential Products

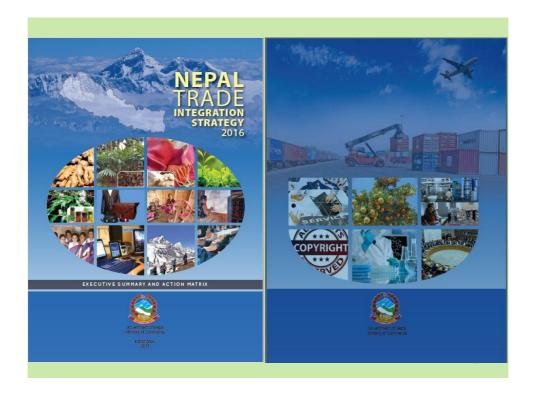
Indicators & Multiple Parameters	Weightages	
A. Export Performance		80%
i. Export Size	15%	
ii. Export Growth	20%	
iii. Export Potential Index	20%	
iv. Potential Value Addition	15%	
v. Potential Destination Diversification	10%	
B. Inclusive & sustainable development impact		20%
i. Geographical Regions	4%	
ii. Environmental impact	4%	
iii. Employment generation	4%	
iv. Gender impact	4%	
v. Skills and Earnings	4%	4

NTIS 2016 Products with High/Medium Impacts on Women

Product	Impact
Medicinal and Aromatic Plants	High
Tea	High
Carpets	High
Pashmina	High
Cardamom	Medium
Ginger	Medium 5

Composition of EIF National Steering Committee

Chairperson
Vice-Chairperson
Member
Member Secretary



Major Highlights of NTIS 2016

- Seven cross-cutting areas:
 - > Trade capacity development including trade negotiation
 - > Trade and Investment policy environment
 - Trade and transport facilitation
 - > Standard and technical regulation
 - Sanitary and Phyto-sanitary framework
 - Intellectual Property Rights
 - Trade in services
- Detailed analysis of priority export potentials including SWOT analysis
- Analysis & recommendations based on lessons learnt from NTIS 2010, research and stakeholders consultations
- Implementation Mechanism
- Monitoring & Evaluation
- Clear and comprehensive Action Matrix with 73 Actions for enhancing cross-cutting issues and 117 Actions for value-chain development of priority export potentials
 (short to medium term actions) to be completed by 2020

Overview of NTIS 2016 Action Matrix							
Category	Outcome Heading	Short-term	Medium-	Not- differentiat ed			
Cross-	1 Trade capacity, including trade negotiation	6	7				
	2 Trade and investment environment	1	1				
	3 Trade and transport facilitation	16	5				
	4 Standards and technical regulations	10	5				
	5 Sanitary and Phyto-sanitary Standards	6	2				
	6 Intellectual Property Rights	6	2				
	7 Trade in services			6			
	8Large Cardamom	6	3				
	9Ginger	4	_				
	10 Tea	6	7				
	11MAPs	6					
	12 All Fabrics, Textile, Yarn & Ropes	3	1				
	13 Leather	7	8				
Products	14 Footwear	9	_				
	15 Chyangra Pashmina	4	2				
	16 Knotted Carpets	6	2				
	17 Skilled & Semi-skilled Professionals at Various Categories	3	2				
	18IT Services & BPO	7	5				
	19Tourism	12	5				
	Total	118	66	J =			
	Grand Total (Short & Medium Term Actions)			190			

Implementation Mechanism

- High ownership due to wider consultations & involvement of agencies concerned; supportive for effective implementation
- GoN's commitment on resources allocation & policy reforms
- **EIF National Steering Committee** to ensure effective coordination through policy and strategic guidance and resource mobilization
- Thematic Committees (TCs) & Product Specific Focal Points (FPs)
- Performance assessment of TCs & FPs by EIF NSC
- TCs to submit reports to MoC every January and July
- MoC to coordinate & facilitate implementation of NTIS 2016

Monitoring and Evaluation

- Regular monitoring by MoC (Inputs & Outputs against indicators and targets)
- Sharing of findings with the EIF National Steering Committee every August
- Independent mid-term review and evaluation of NTIS 2016
- GoN to review and update NTIS in five years in 2020

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NTIS 2016 Priority Export Potentials Outcome, Targets, Actions and Responsible Agencies

Large Cardamom



- Outcome: Volume and value of export of large cardamom increased
- Baseline: 5,750 MT of large cardamom were produced in 2012/13 Price (US\$/MT) of Nepalese export is 50% of that of Indian exports due to low value addition
- Actions: Short-term-6, Medium-term-3
- Target by 2020: 6,500 MT of large cardamom produced Price (US\$/MT) of Nepalese exports increased to 75% of that of Indian exports
- · Main Responsible Agency/ies: Ministry of Agricultural Development

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Ginger



- Outcome: Volume and value of exports of ginger increased
- Baseline: 235,000 MT of ginger were produced in 2013, 65% were exported; the export price of US\$ 217/ MT for Nepali ginger is 20% that of China and 60% that of India
- Actions: Short-term-4, Medium-term-3
- Target by 2020: At least 300,000 MT of ginger produced and 70% of it exported; Price (US\$/MT) of Nepalese export increased to 75% that of unit price of Chinese ginger exports due to increased value addition in Nepal
- Main Responsible Agency/ies: Ministry of Agricultural Development

Tea



- · Outcome: Export of Tea significantly increased
- Baseline: Export of Orthodox tea was approximately US\$ 2.7 million in 2013; 3,000 MT of Orthodox tea was produced in 2013
- Actions: Short-term-6, Medium-term-7
- Target by 2020: Export of Orthodox tea reached about US\$ 6 million; At least 4,500 MT of Orthodox tea produced
- Main Responsible Agency/ies: Ministry of Agricultural Development

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Medicinal and Aromatic Plants (MAPs)



- Outcome: Export of MAPs increased through the improvements in value chain development
- **Baseline**: Export value of MAPs was US\$ 14 million in 2013; there are 60 to 70 processing industries using mostly traditional technologies
- Actions: Short-term-6, Medium-term-3
- Target by 2020: Export value of MAPs reached US\$ 20 million; Processing industries using modern technologies established
- Main Responsible Agency/ies: Ministry of Forest and Soil Conservation, Ministry of Agricultural Development

All Fabrics, Textile, Yarn and Rope





- Outcome: Exports of synthetic yarn, synthetic woven fabrics and jute fabrics and bags increased steadily
- Baseline: Exports of synthetic yarn, synthetic woven fabrics and jute fabrics and bags were worth approximately US\$ 164 million in 2013
- · Actions: Short-term-3, Medium-term-1
- Target by 2020: Exports of synthetic yarn, synthetic woven fabrics and jute fabrics and bags grown to approximately US\$ 200 million
- Main Responsible Agency/ies: Ministry of Industry, Ministry of Commerce

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Leather





- Outcome: Production of raw hides and exports of processed hides increased rapidly
- Baseline: Nepal produces around 16–20 million sq.ft of raw hides and of which around 14 million sq.ft is exported; exported US\$13 million worth of bovine and goat leather in 2013
- Actions: Short term-7, Medium-term-8
- Target by 2020: Production of raw hides increased to at least 30 million sq.ft and value of exports increased by 20%; export of bovine and goat leather increased to US\$ 20 million
- Main Responsible Agency/ies: Ministry of Livestock Development, Ministry of Industry, Ministry of Commerce

Footwear



- · Outcome: Production and export of footwear significantly increased
- Baseline: Nepal produces around 30 million pairs of footwear annually and exported around 7.8 million pairs in 2013; current export earnings is estimated at US\$ 21 million
- Actions: Short-term-9, Medium-term-2
- Target by 2020: At least 45 million pairs of footwear produced and around 12 million pairs exported annually
- Main Responsible Agency/ies: Ministry of Industry, Ministry of Commerce

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Chyangra Pashmina





- Outcome: Exports of Chyangra Pashmina products expanded significantly
- Baseline: Exports of Chyangra Pashmina products were nearly US\$ 30 million in 2013
- Actions: Short-term-4, Medium-term-2
- Target by 2020: Exports of Chyangra Pashmina products reached to US\$
 50 million
- Main Responsible Agency/ies: Minister of Industry, Ministry of Agricultural Development, Ministry of Commerce

Knotted Carpets



- Outcome: Exports of Knotted Carpets regained a strong footing through market and product diversification
- Baseline: US\$ 71 million worth of Knotted Carpets exported in 2013
- Actions: Short-term-6, Medium-term-2
- Target by 2020: At least US\$ 100 million worth of Knotted Carpets exported
- Main Responsible Agency/ies: Ministry of Industry, Ministry of Commerce,

Skilled and Semi-Skilled Professional Services at Various Categories



- Outcome: Proportion of skilled/semi-skilled Professionals in total outmigration increased and remittance inflow efficiently utilized
- Baseline: Based on Economic Survey, 2015, about 26% of migrant workers work as skilled and semi-skilled professionals in destination countries; approximately 22% of returning immigrants own their own business
- Actions: Short-term-3, Medium-term-2
- Target by 2020: At least 40% of returning immigrants engaged in their own business
- Main Responsible Agency/ies: Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Youth and Sports, Ministry of Labour and Employment

IT Services and Business Process Outsourcing



- Outcome: New market for IT and BPO sector developed and its export increased significantly
- Baseline: Exports of IT and BPO services are estimated at US\$ 30-35 million in 2014
- Action: Short-term-7, Medium-term-5
- Target by 2020: Exports of IT and BPO increased to at least US\$ 100 million
- Main Responsible Agency/ies: Ministry of Information and Communications, Ministry of Science, Technology and Environment, Nepal Rastra Bank

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Tourism



- Outcome: Number of foreign visitors, their average duration of stay and per capita expenditure increased significantly
- **Baseline**: 797,616 international tourists arrived in 2013 and spent US\$ 42.8 per day per capita staying for around 12 days
- Actions: Short-term-12, Medium-term-5
- Target by 2020: Foreign visitors reached 1,344,000; length of stay increased to 15 days with per capita expenditure of US\$ 2049; 2 million foreigners visiting Nepal in 2020 (as per goal of Vision 2020)
- Main Responsible Agency/ies: Ministry of Culture, Tourism and Civil Aviation, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Education

Other Export Potential Sectors and Continuation from NTIS 2010

- A. Other Potentials Products (Four New Products): Fruits and Vegetable Juices, Readymade Garments, Coffee, Semi-precious Stones
- B. Continuation from NTIS 2010 (Eight Old Products): All Fabricated Steels and Metals, Lentils, Instant Noodles, Honey, Paper and Paper Products, Woolen Products, Silver Jewelry, Hydro Electricity

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Role and Responsibilities of Line Agencies in NTIS Implementation

- Ministry of Law, Justice and Parliamentary Affairs: around 100 legal reforms- recommended by the NTIS Review report
- · Ministry of Foreign Affairs: trade diplomacy, trade negotiations
- National Planning Commission: allocating sufficient budget for NTIS 2016 implementation, mainstreaming trade in periodic plans and various sectoral policies and strategies
- Ministry of Finance: budget, Customs and trade facilitation
- Ministry of Agricultural Development: agricultural products development and SPS measures
- Ministry of Forest and Soil Conservation: NTFP, MAPs product development, policy and legislative reforms

Role and Responsibilities Contd..

- Ministry of Industry: craft and manufacturing products development, investment facilitation, TBT, and IPRs
- Ministry of Commerce: aid for trade in services, trade negotiation capacity building, trade infrastructure development and trade support institutions
- Nepal Rastra Bank: Soft loans for semi-skilled human resources development, Investment tax incentives, entrepreneurship loans, improving payment mechanism of export of services
- Private Sectors (Federations of Chamber of Commerce and Industries): product and value chain development, investments, trade related infrastructures, coordination and support

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Conclusion

- Enhancing export competitiveness and productive capacity is crucial for economic growth and sustainable development of Nepal
- NTIS 2016 is a common platform for GoN, private sector, civil society, development partners and other stakeholders for trade sector development
- Ministry of Commerce looks forward to an active partnership of all the line ministries, private sector and other stakeholders for a successful implementation of this Strategy

Thank you for kind attention!